



# Introduction of tolerance to barley yellow dwarf (BYD) in wheat from exotic genetic resources

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# Introduction

- Barley Yellow Dwarf (BYD)
  - Viral disease: BYDV
  - Transmission through aphids
    - *Rhopalosiphum padi*
    - *Sitobion avenae*
- Irreversible damages:
  - Yield loss 5-100%
    - Average 3t/ha in barley
  - Affects quality of barley



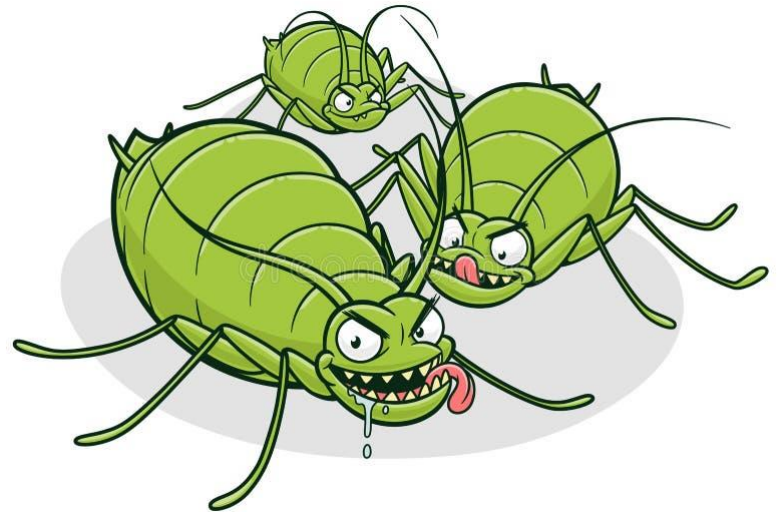
# Introduction

- Current solutions
  - No treatment against virus but against aphids
  - Seed treatment
    - Efficient until 5-leave stage
  - Treatment during vegetative phase
    - Three weeks of persistency
    - Efficient through contact only = not efficient on new leave

➔ **Constant survey especially for early sowing**

# Introduction

- Problems
  - Reduction of the use of pesticides (EcoPhyto plan)
  - Global warming → longer period of aphid survival



# Introduction

- Solutions
  - Destruction of aphids' reservoirs
  - Modification of sowing dates
  - Development of tolerant varieties



# Introduction

- Sources of tolerance = related species
  - *Thinopyrum intermedium*
    - Diploid → Decaploid
  - *Agropyron cristatum*
    - Diploid or Tetraploid
  - Introgressed lines exist



# Introduction

- Problems...
  - Exotic varieties / European varieties
    - China, Australia
  - Addition / substitution / translocation
    - Large fragments → linkage drag
- Need to develop a material better adapted
  - Reduction of the size of fragments
  - In European elite lines

# Introduction

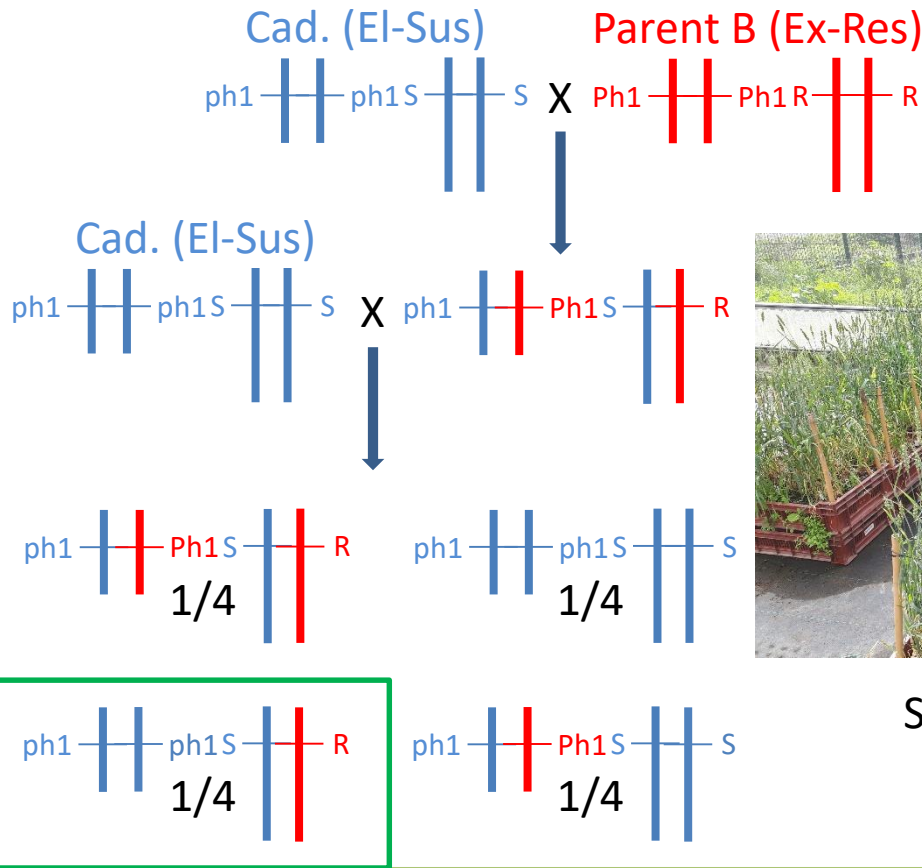
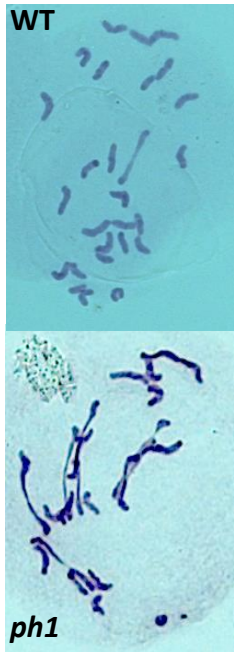
- To achieve these two objectives...
  - Pairing between homoeologous chromosomes from relatives
  - Efficient homoeologous recombination
- Control of pairing & homoeologous recombination in wheat
  - *Ph1* & *Ph2* → mutants
    - Increase homoeologous recombination 1 → 7 COs
    - In Cadenza (JIC)

# Genetic material

- *Ph1* mutants
  - Cadenza0348 & Cadenza1691 (JIC)
- Tolerant varieties
  - Mackellar, Glover (BDV2)
    - Crosses OK
  - P961341, P29 (BDV3)
    - Crosses OK
  - Zhong4, Zhong5 (BDV4)
    - Hybrid necrosis = eliminated
  - OK7211542 (?)
    - Octoploid = eliminated

# Genetic material

- Development of segregating populations

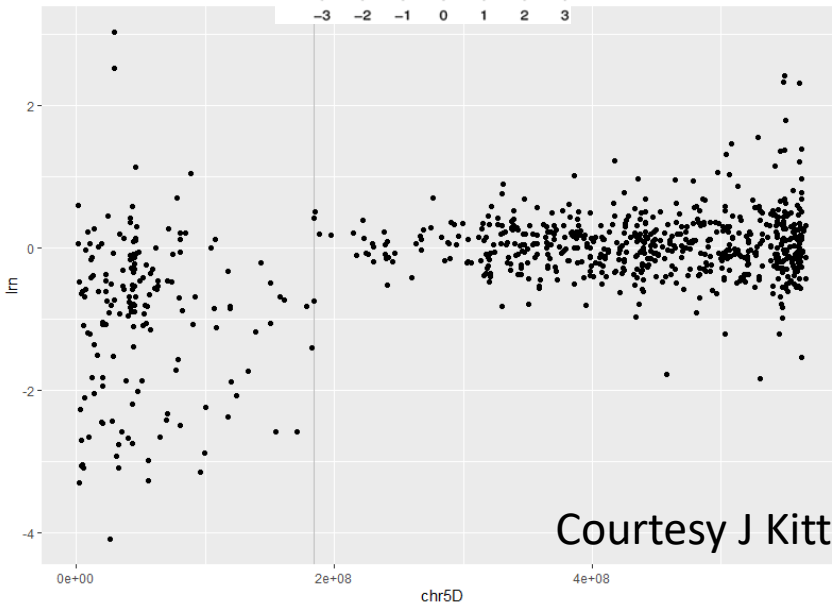
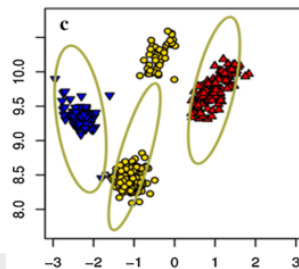


Selfing and speed-breeding  
Up to BC1F5

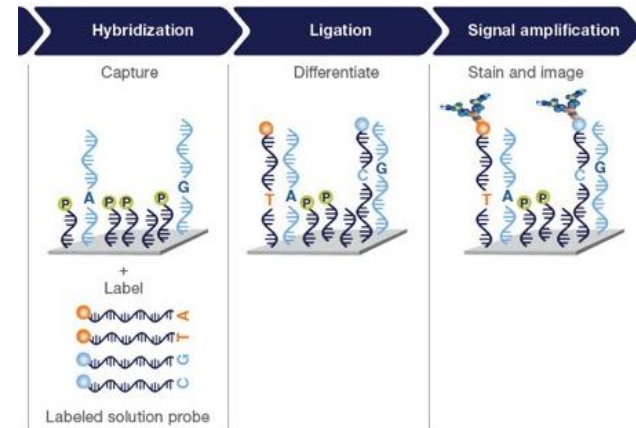
Screening with  
markers

# Genotyping of parents and populations using the BW35K AXIOM Array

- Analysis based on Off-Target Variants (OTVs)



Courtesy J Kitt



Applied Biosystems™ Axiom™  
384-array layout



Applied Biosystems™ GeneTitan™  
Multi-Channel (MC) Instrument

# Genotyping of parents and populations using the BW35K AXIOM Array

- Screening of the parents with 35K SNP array

|   | 1                    | 2                                  | 3                           | 4                           | 5                 | 6               | 7                                                                                         |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A | P29 (L 10.6)         | Glo/P29 (S 2-5)<br>Glo (L 2.8)     | P29 (S 18.4)                | Glo (S 2.5)<br>P29 (L 31.1) | Mac (S 0.5)       | Glo (S 1; L1.8) | P29 (S 3.6)                                                                               |
| B | <b>P96 (S 238.2)</b> | <b>P96 (683)</b>                   | P29 (S 10.6)<br>P96 (L 3.2) |                             | Glo/Mac (L 13-21) | Glo (L 0.2)     |                                                                                           |
| D | Glo/Mac (L 9.2)      | Mac (L 16)<br><b>P29 (L 189.5)</b> |                             | P29 (L 78.7)                |                   | P96 (L 28.7)    | <b>P96 (S 51.6)</b><br><b>Glo (L 477.5)</b><br><b>Mac (L297.6)</b><br><b>P96 (L107.6)</b> |

|   | 1           | 2                   | 3 | 4                    | 5 | 6                   | 7                                                                   |
|---|-------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A | Twe (S 5.4) | Twe/Wol<br>(S 24.1) |   | TC14/Twe<br>(L 18.8) |   | TC14/Twe<br>(S 4.5) | TC14 (L 11.6)                                                       |
| B | Wol (S 2.8) |                     |   |                      |   | <b>TC14 (678.9)</b> |                                                                     |
| D |             |                     |   |                      |   |                     | <b>TC14 (L 70.0)</b><br><b>Wol (L 70.0)</b><br><b>Twe (L 70.0))</b> |

# Genotyping of parents and populations using the BW35K AXIOM Array

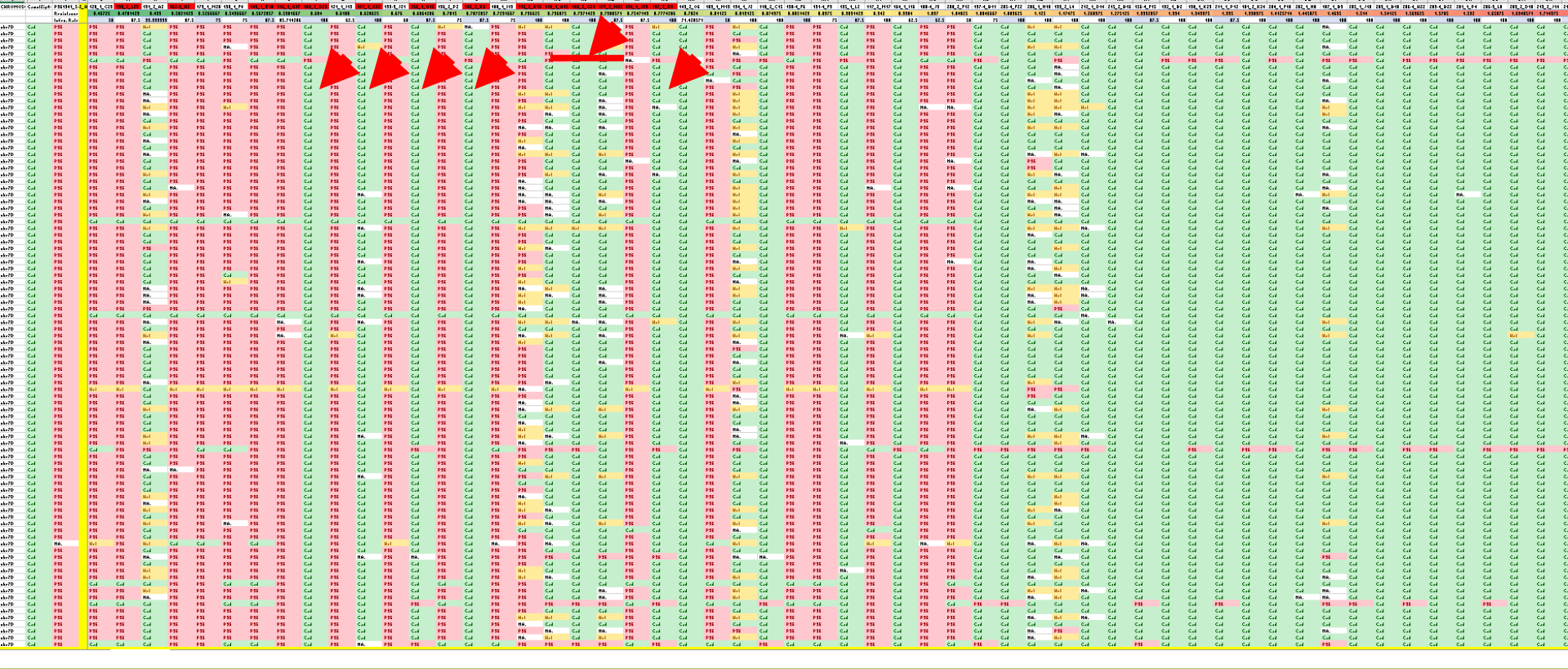
- Screening of the parents with 35K SNP array
  - Glover & Mackellar: introgression on 7DL like Wolverine but larger
  - P29 & P961341 retained for further screening

- P29 population: Chr7DL (BYDV2)

14

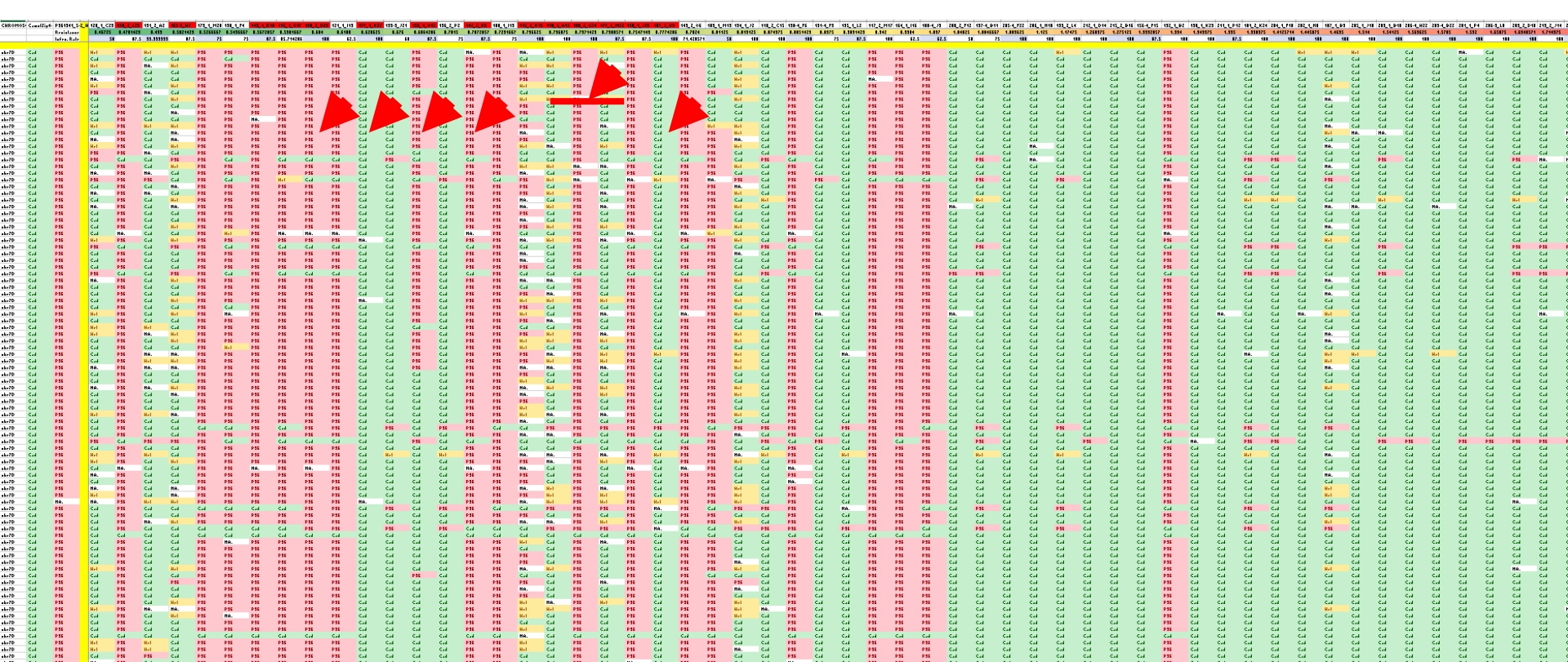
# Cadenza x P961341, 695 individuals

- P961341 population: Chr7DL (BYDV2)



# Cadenza x P961341, 695 individuals

- P961341 population: Chr7DS (BYDV3)?



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Genetics, Diversity & Ecophysiology of Cereals  
Genetics & Recombination (GeCo)



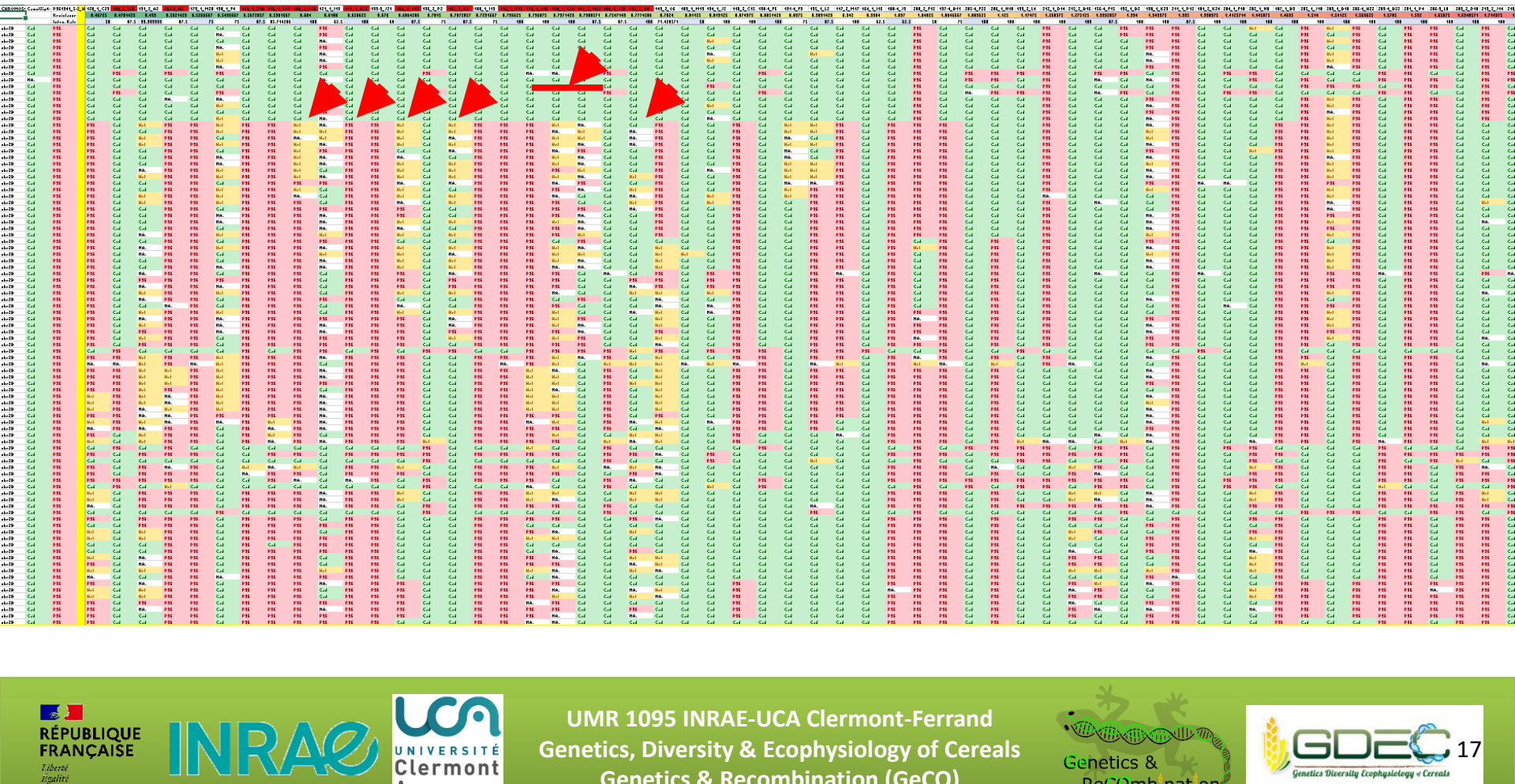
Genetics &  
ReComb nat on



Genetics Diversity Ecophysiology « Cereals

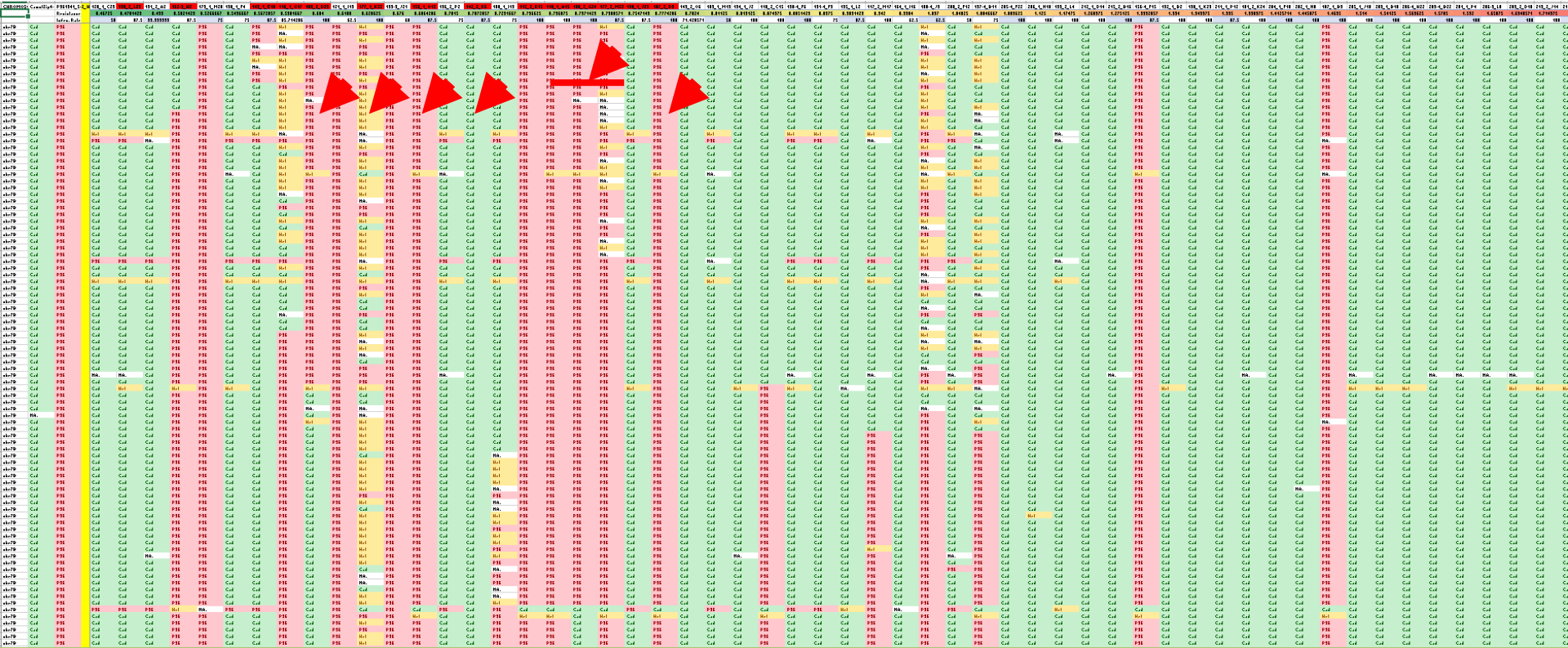
# Cadenza x P961341, 695 individuals

- P961341 population: Chr2BL (BYDV4)?



# Cadenzza x P961341, 695 individuals

- P961341 population: Chr7BL (translocation of 7D/7E?)



# Conclusions

- Recombination found between wheat and alien chromosomes → approach using *ph1* mutant is relevant to reduce the size of introgressions
- Population derived from P29
  - No highly-tolerant lines
  - Different sources of P29?
- Population derived from P961341
  - More lines with good tolerance
  - Several loci may affect BYDV tolerance
    - 7DL = BYDV2
    - 7DS = BYDV3?
    - 2BL = BYDV4?
    - 7BL = translocation from 7D/7E (BYDV2)?

# Acknowledgements

FsoV



DSV



I. Nadaud



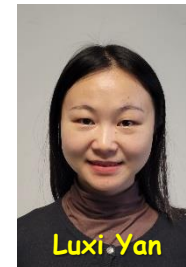
L. Georges



I. Lhomme



C. Haquet

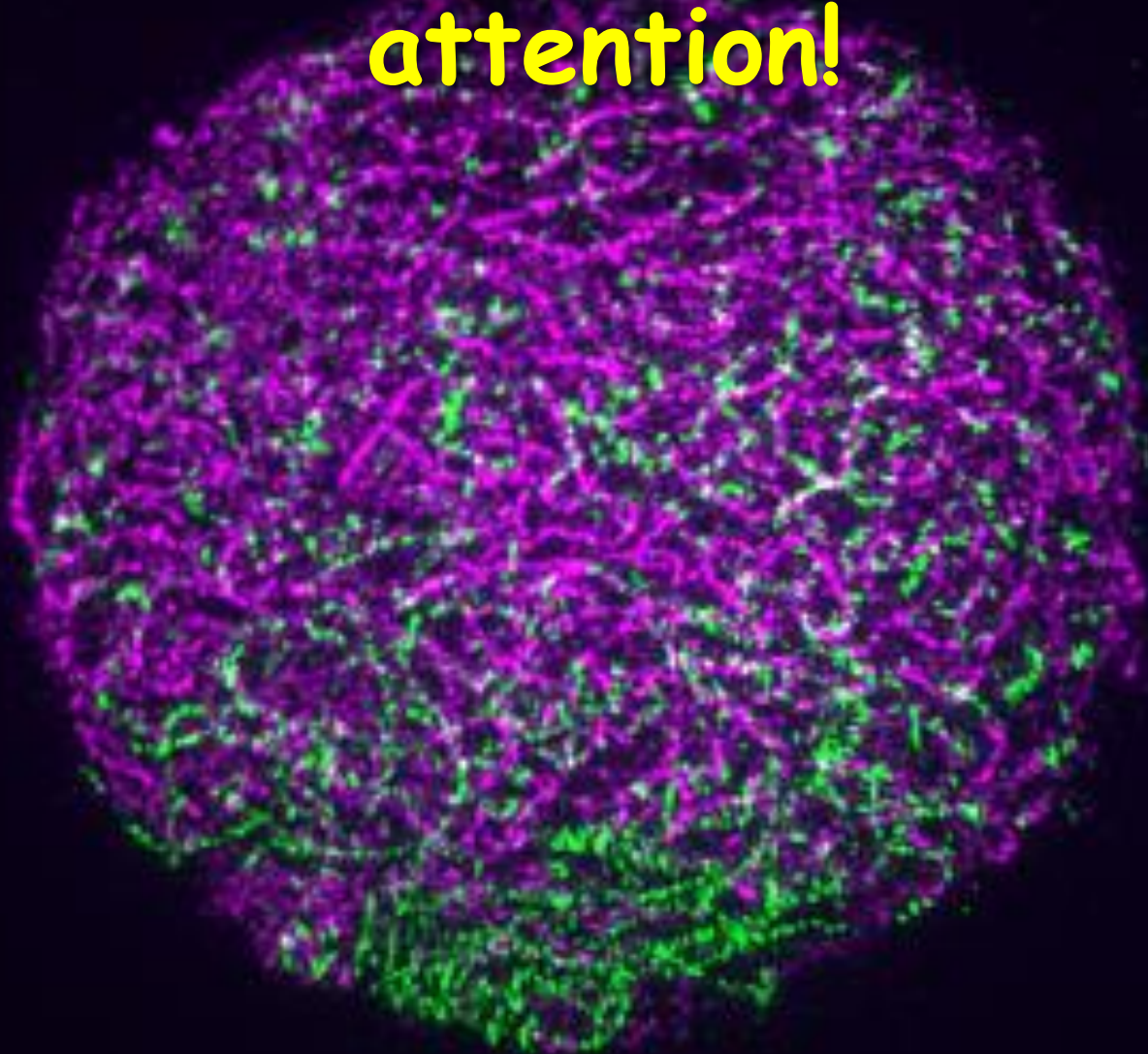


Luxi Yan



A. Bacon

# Thank you for your attention!



Co-immunolocalization of **ZYP1** and **ASY1** proteins onto *T. aestivum* chromosomes (B. Darrier (INRAE GDEC Clermont-Ferrand France) & I. Colas (JHI Dundee UK), unpublished results)